

# *Parvicardium pinnulatum* (Conrad, 1831)

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AphiaID: 181343

Biota (Superdominio) > Autobranchia (Subclasse) > Heteroconchia (Infraclasse) > Euheterodonta (Subterclasse) > Lymnocardinae (Subfamilia) > Parvicardiini (Tribo) > Parvicardium (Genero)



Natural History Museum Rotterdam



## Synonyms

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*Parvicardium ovale* (G. B. Sowerby II, 1840)

*Cardium elongatum* Montagu, 1803

*Cardium fasciatum* Montagu, 1808

*Cardium fasciatum* var. *alba* Jeffreys, 1864

*Cardium fasciatum* var. *globosa* Jeffreys, 1864

*Cardium hudsoniense* Deshayes, 1855

*Cardium ovale* G. B. Sowerby II, 1840  
*Cardium pinnulatum* Conrad, 1831  
*Cerastoderma pinnulatum* (Conrad, 1831)  
*Goethemia pinnulata* (Conrad, 1831)  
*Parvicardium ovale* (G. B. Sowerby II, 1840)

## References

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additional source Check List of European Marine Mollusca (CLEMAM). , available online at <http://www.somali.asso.fr/clemam/index.clemam.html> [details]

taxonomy source van Aartsen, J. J.; Goud, J. (2000). European marine Mollusca: notes on less well-known species. XV. Notes on Lusitanian species of *Parvicardium* Monterosato, 1884 and *Afrocardium richardi* (Audouin, 1826) (Bivalvia, Heterodonta, Cardiidae). *Basteria*. 64: 171-186. [details]

original description Conrad, T. A. (1831). Description of fifteen new species of Recent, and three of fossil shells, chiefly from the coast of the United States. *Journal of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia*. 6(2): 256-268, plate 11., available online at <http://biodiversitylibrary.org/page/24677674> [details]

additional source Dyntaxa. (2013). Swedish Taxonomic Database. Accessed at [www.dyntaxa.se](http://www.dyntaxa.se) [15-01-2013]., available online at <http://www.dyntaxa.se> [details]

basis of record Poorten, J.J. ter, 2005. Outline of a systematic index – Recent Cardiidae (Lamarck, 1809). VISAYA net. (Updated 2009 for WoRMS), available online at <http://www.conchology.be/en/shelltopics/visaya-net/date.php?year=2005> [details]

context source (Deepsea) Intergovernmental Oceanographic Commission (IOC) of UNESCO. The Ocean Biogeographic Information System (OBIS), available online at <http://www.iobis.org/> [details]

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